

Asthma is a condition in which your airways narrow and swell and produce extra mucus. This can make breathing difficult and trigger coughing, wheezing and shortness of breath.

If You See This	Do This
Difficulty talking	Stay with student, keep student calm/quiet
• Cough	1. Let student self-administer inhaler OR
• Wheezing, difficulty swallowing	2. Assist student or administer inhaler if trained
or breathing	3. If student responds to inhaler and shows improvement let
• Not mentally alert as evidenced	student continue with class
by difficulty concentrating or	4. If concerned, send for School Nurse
appearing confused	If no response to prescribed medications or no improvement
• Using neck muscles, muscles	after 10-15 minutes
between ribs or stomach muscles	1. Call 911
to breathe	2. Send for School Nurse and state student's name, state
• Extreme paleness/gray color,	asthmatic reaction so nurse can bring emergency medication
clammy skin	3. Notify Administration
Blue discoloration around of lips/fingernails	4. Nurse /Administration will notify Parent/Guardian
Unresponsive/Loss of consciousness	*When airways get very tight, wheezing often goes away because the person cannot breathe with enough force to cause wheezing

An **Emergency Care Plan** is a plan that gives specific steps for school staff to take when a student has a medical emergency. The plan contains a short definition of the condition, signs and symptoms of the health condition that are emergent and a written step-by-step instruction that outlines what school staff should do for that emergency. Skyward provides information regarding the student's medical condition and parental/guardian's contact information. Health Conditions and ECPs are to remain confidential. Please keep in a secure location and not out in the open.

- We ask that teachers familiarize themselves with the ECPs that are applicable to students' health condition/s in their class. Ask privately:
  - 1. If the student uses emergency medication/s
  - 2. If the student keeps emergency medication/s with them
  - 3. If the student keeps emergency medication/s in the schools' clinic
- Fill out the Student Health Condition List. Print out as many as needed or one per class period.
- Leave the Student Health Condition List and ECPs pertinent to current health conditions in the substitute teacher folders in a secure location
- Ask the school nurse to meet in order to answer any questions on student's health condition or to provide training on emergency medication/s